Dividing & Propagating Perennials

Prepared by: Etobicoke Master Gardeners



Presented to
Lakeshore Environmental
Gardening Society

Master Gardeners of Ontario



ABOUT US

CONTACT US

CALENDAR OF EVENTS

COMMUNITY ACTIVITIES



Etobicoke Master Gardeners (EMG) was formed in January 2005 and is meant to cover the west side of Toronto and take in those people who want to study for the Master Gardener (MG) designation.

Meetings are held at the Montgomery Inn on the fourth Wednesday of most months from 7 to 10 p.m.

EMG comprises 36 active members: 26 Master Gardeners (MG) and 10 Master Gardeners in Training (MGIT) who are in the process of studying for Master Gardener Certification. We welcome inquiries from enthusiastic and interested individuals wishing to learn more about joining our



Why do you propagate or divide perennials?

- Rejuvenate the plant
- ✓ Control the size
- ✓ More of something you like
- ✓ Economic
- ✓ Variety



When to divide perennials?

Every 3 to 5 years

Summer-flowering plants in spring or autumn

Spring-flowering plants in summer after flowering or autumn

Usually divide while dormant

Easy to locate plants



When to divide perennials?

Fall blooming perennials in spring

Reduced stress

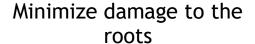
Early to allow roots time to establish

Entire growing season



Some Tips







Dig down, cleanly cutting roots beyond the drip line



Divide in situ for large clumps



Replenish the soil



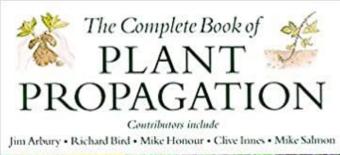
Reduce top growth to reduce stress of new plants



Best to divide in cool weather

Propagation methods

- Grow from seed
- Division
- Cuttings





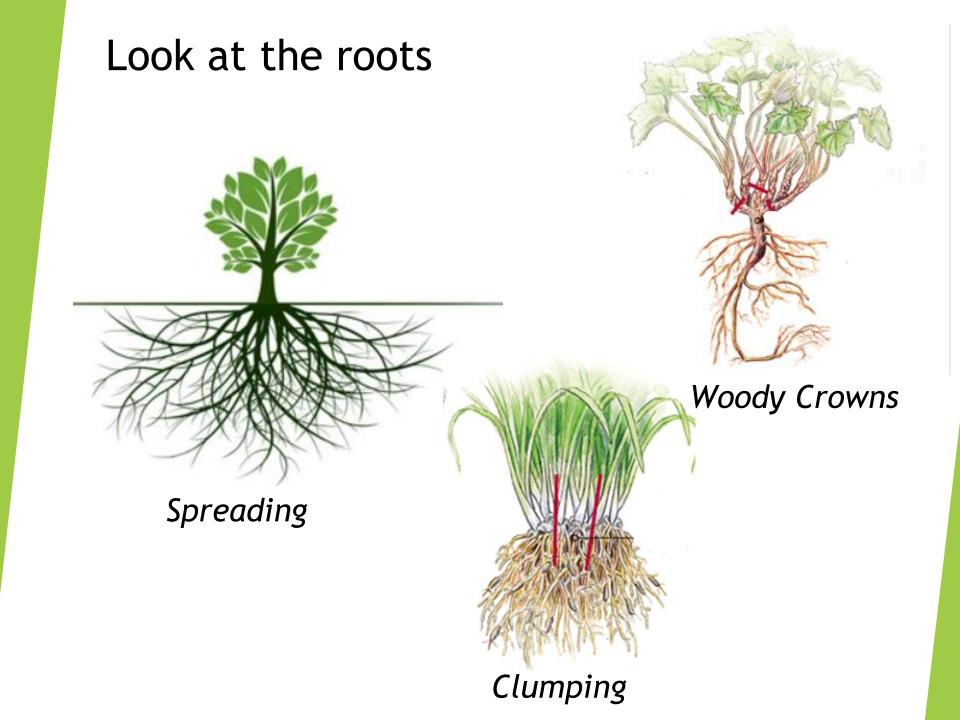


SAVING SEEDS

322 VEGETABLES, HERBS, FLOWERS, FRUITS, TREES, AND SHRUBS

- Preserve favorite tastes and scents
- Customize your garden plants
 Promote diversity





How to divide perennials?



Tubers & Rhizomes



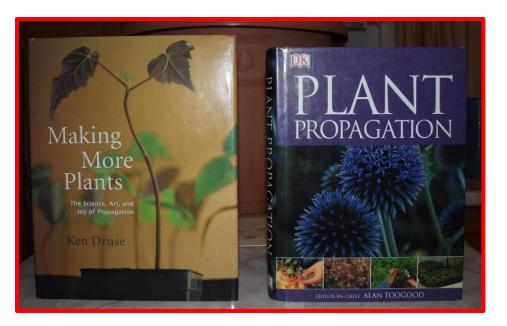
Which Perennials Should Not be Divided?





Cuttings

- Many plants are easy to root from cuttings
- Requirements may differ from plant to plant
- Submerge cuttings in a pail of soapy water before you bring them in
- Remove leaves from the bottom half of the stem





Cuttings

For Soft Plants (e.g. Coleus):

- ✓ Take about 6" (15cm)
- Strip off the bottom leaves
- Put in water and wait until there is a good set of roots
- Transplant into potting medium



Cuttings

Harder stems (e.g. Bougainvillea)

- Take a short length of stem and strip off the bottom leaves
- ✓ Wound the bottom of the stem on one side (about 1" (2.54cm)
- Apply rooting hormone to the stem and push into pre-moistened potting medium



References

How and when to divide perennials https://extension.umn.edu/planting-and-growing-guides/dividing-perennials

Dividing Perennials https://hgic.clemson.edu/factsheet/dividingperennials

Dividing Perennials
http://chemung.cce.cornell.edu/resources/dividing-perennials





2023 Eco-Garden Community Workshop Series

Saturdays 10:00 AM to Noon

Virtual Sessions via Zoom

February 25: Plant Identification

March 4: Growing Your Own Food

April 15: Native Plants

April 29: Invasive Plants, Control, and Alternatives

June 10: Pollinator Friendly Gardening

October 14: Pruning

November 18: Indoor Plants

In-Person at the Humber Arboretum

February 4: Winterwood: Winter Tree Identification Tour

May 6: First-hand Look at Invasive Plants, Control, and Alternatives Tour

October 21: Pruning Workshop

Free, but space is limited & registration is required: Humber.ca/arboretum/emg



Etobicoke Master Gardeners Thank you!

Questions





